

Aspect-Oriented Programming with AspectC++

Part III – Tool Support



Overview

- **ac++ compiler**
 - open source and base of the other presented tools
- **ag++ wrapper**
 - easy to use wrapper around g++ for make-based projects
- **AspectC++ plugin for Eclipse[®]**
 - sophisticated environment for AspectC++ development

About ac++

- Available from **www.aspectc.org**
 - Linux, Win32, MacOS binaries + source (GPL)
 - documentation: Compiler Manual, Language Reference, ...
- Transforms AspectC++ to C++ code
 - machine code is created by the back-end (cross-)compiler
 - supports g++ language extensions
- Current version: 2.2
 - front end is based on Clang 3.9.2

Aspect Transformation

```
aspect Transform {  
  advice call("% foo()") : before() {  
    printf("before foo call\n");  
  }  
  advice execution("% C::%()") : after()  
{  
    printf(tjp->signature ());  
  }  
};
```

Transform.ah



```
class Transform {  
  static Transform __instance;  
  // ...  
  void __a0_before () {  
    printf ("before foo call\n");  
  }  
  template<class JoinPoint>  
  void __a1_after (JoinPoint *tjp) {  
    printf (tjp->signature ());  
  }  
};
```

Transform.ah'

Aspect Transformation

```
aspect Transform {  
  advice call("% foo()") : before() {  
    printf("before foo call\n");  
  }  
  advice execution("% C::%()") : after()  
{  
    printf(tjp->signature ());  
  }  
};
```

Transform.ah



Aspects are transformed into **ordinary classes**

```
class Transform {  
  static Transform __instance;  
  // ...  
  void __a0_before () {  
    printf ("before foo call\n");  
  }  
  template<class JoinPoint>  
  void __a1_after (JoinPoint *tjp) {  
    printf (tjp->signature ());  
  }  
};
```

Transform.ah'

Aspect Transformation

```
aspect Transform {  
  advice call("% foo()") : before() {  
    printf("before foo call\n");  
  }  
  advice execution("% C::%()") : after()  
{  
    printf(tjp->signature ());  
  }  
};
```

Transform.ah



One global aspect **instance** is created by default

```
class Transform {  
  static Transform __instance;  
  // ...  
  void __a0_before () {  
    printf ("before foo call\n");  
  }  
  template<class JoinPoint>  
  void __a1_after (JoinPoint *tjp) {  
    printf (tjp->signature ());  
  }  
};
```

Transform.ah'

Aspect Transformation

```
aspect Transform {
  advice call("% foo()") : before() {
    printf("before foo call\n");
  }
  advice execution("% C::%()") : after()
  {
    printf(tjp->signature ());
  }
};
```

Transform.ah



Advice becomes a
member function

```
class Transform {
  static Transform __instance;
  // ...
  void __a0_before () {
    printf ("before foo call\n");
  }
  template<class JoinPoint>
  void __a1_after (JoinPoint *tjp) {
    printf (tjp->signature ());
  }
};
```

Transform.ah'

Aspect Transformation

```
aspect Transform {
  advice call("% foo()") : before() {
    printf("before foo call\n");
  }
  advice execution("% C::%()") : after()
  {
    printf(tjp->signature ());
  }
};
```

Transform.ah



“Generic Advice”
becomes a **template member function**

```
class Transform {
  static Transform __instance;
  // ...
  void __a0_before () {
    printf ("before foo call\n");
  }
  template<class JoinPoint>
  void __a1_after (JoinPoint *tjp) {
    printf (tjp->signature ());
  }
};
```

Transform.ah'

Joinpoint Transformation

```
int main() {  
    foo();  
    return 0;  
}
```

main.cc



```
int main() {  
    struct __call_main_0_0 {  
        static inline void invoke () {  
            AC::..._a0_before ();  
            ::foo();  
        }  
    };  
    __call_main_0_0::invoke ();  
    return 0;  
}
```

main.cc'

Joinpoint Transformation

```
int main() {  
    foo();  
    return 0;  
}
```

main.cc



the function call is replaced by
a call to a wrapper function

```
int main() {  
    struct __call_main_0_0 {  
        static inline void invoke () {  
            AC::..._a0_before ();  
            ::foo();  
        }  
    };  
    __call_main_0_0::invoke ();  
    return 0;  
}
```

main.cc'

Joinpoint Transformation

```
int main() {  
    foo();  
    return 0;  
}
```

main.cc

a local class invokes the advice code for this joinpoint



```
int main() {  
    struct __call_main_0_0 {  
        static inline void invoke () {  
            AC::..._a0_before ();  
            ::foo();  
        }  
    };  
    __call_main_0_0::invoke ();  
    return 0;  
}
```

main.cc'

Translation Modes

- Whole Program Transformation-Mode
 - e.g. `ac++ -p src -d gen -e cpp -Iinc -DDEBUG`
 - transforms whole directory trees
 - generates manipulated headers, e.g. for libraries
 - can be chained with other whole program transformation tools
- Single Translation Unit-Mode
 - e.g. `ac++ -c a.cc -o a-gen.cc -p .`
 - easier integration into build processes

Tool Demo



- AspectC++ plugin for Eclipse®
 - sophisticated environment for AspectC++ development

Summary

- Tool support for AspectC++ programming is based on the ac++ command line compiler
 - full “obliviousness and quantification”
 - delegates the binary code generation to your favorite compiler
- Non-commercial IDE integration is available
 - Eclipse[®]